EXHIBIT A

From: <u>Jennifer A. Holmes</u>

To: <u>Dulaney Pippin, Keely; Patrick Sweeten; Will Thompson; Kathleen Hunker; Aaron Barnes; Zachary Berg; Ari</u>

Herbert; Elizabeth Saunders; Sharon Murray; jmgore@jonesday.com; scrosland@jonesday.com;

skenny@jonesday.com; cetroberts@jonesday.com; kim.barr@dallascounty.org;

Barbara.Nicholas@dallascounty.org; Jason.Schuette@dallascounty.org; ben.stool@dallascounty.org;

christine@statesuniteddemocracy.org; marina@statesuniteddemocracy.org; ranjana@statesuniteddemocracy.org; robert@statesuniteddemocracy.org; khartnett@cooley.com; mejiab@cooley.com; oarmon@cooley.com; dlouk@cooley.com; kspector@cooley.com; ghabell@cooley.com; clebel@cooley.com; nmatteo@cooley.com;

sameer.birring@harriscountytx.gov; tiffany.bingham@harriscountytx.gov;

 $\underline{jonathan.fombonne@harriscountytx.gov;}\ \underline{jacqueline.bauerband@harriscountytx.gov;}$

eric.nichols@butlersnow.com; karson.thompson@butlersnow.com; mckenna.tansey@butlersnow.com; Victoria.Giese@butlersnow.com; leigh.tognetti@da.co.hidalgo.tx.us; josephine.ramirez@da.co.hidalgo.tx.us; michaelj.garza@da.co.hidalgo.tx.us; jacqueline.villarreal@da.co.hidalgo.tx.us; gabe.hodge@traviscountytx.gov;

tony.nelson@traviscountytx.gov; patrick.pope@traviscountytx.gov; Leslie.dippel@traviscountytx.gov; lisa.cubriel@bexar.org; maryann.ortegon@bexar.org; lroberson@bexar.org; Noelle.Butler@bexar.org; lean.Gill@bexar.org; daniel.freeman@usdoj.gov; michael.stewart3@usdoj.gov; jennifer.yun@usdoj.gov; dana.paikowsky@usdoj.gov; tiffani.soo-tim@usdoj.gov; lauren.putnam@usdoj.gov; Richard.dellheim@usdoj.gov;

Sean Morales-Doyle; singhj@brennan.law.nyu.edu; Patrick Berry; Eliza Sweren-Becker; liz.ryan@weil.com; megan.cloud@weil.com; nperales@maldef.org; jlongoria@maldef.org; michael.keats@friedfrank.com; breanna.williams@friedfrank.com; kevin.zhen@friedfrank.com; jason.kanterman@friedfrank.com;

rebecca.martin@friedfrank.com; adriana monzon; sandersr@brennan.law.nyu.edu; fmenendez@maldef.org; cdodge@elias.law; unkwonta@elias.law; erodriguezarmenta@elias.law; gwhite@elias.law; mjones@elias.law; mmcqueen@elias.law; nbaron@elias.law; capolonio@elias.law; dlorenzo@elias.law; asavomatthews@elias.law; zachary@texascivilrightsproject.org; schen@texascivilrightsproject.org; hani@texascivilrightsproject.org; chris@texascivilrightsproject.org; Jerry Vattamala; Susana Lorenzo-Giguere; Patrick Stegemoeller;

aharris@aclutx.org; tbuser-clancy@aclutx.org; skumar@aclutx.org; atrepp@jenner.com; JAmunson@jenner.com; scai@jenner.com; UMittal@jenner.com; lromano@drtx.org; mmcnair@drtx.org; lsnead@drtx.org; Adriel I.

Cepeda Derieux; asavitzky@aclu.org; Susan Mizner; apeterson@jenner.com; wendy.olson@stoel.com; jackie.franolich@stoel.com; elijah.watkins@stoel.com; bradley.prowant@stoel.com; laura.rosenbaum@stoel.com; mark.bieter@stoel.com; chostetler@freespeechforpeople.org; Kathryn Sadasivan; Victor Genecin; Amir Badat; Kaísha Oliver; Kenneth E. Broughton; Stewart, Sarah Cummings; Dahl Rich; Shira Wakschlag; Tolbert, James E.

Gravity Stack; Lang, Daniel H. Gravity Stack; Destiny R. Lopez; Robyn Sanders

Subject: Notice of Deposition Subpoenas - LUPE v. Abbott, 5:21-cv-844 (W.D. Tex.)

Date: Friday, October 21, 2022 3:17:46 PM

Attachments: <u>image001.png</u>

Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition - Byron Fisher.pdf Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition - Cindy Siegel.pdf Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition - Melissa Conway.pdf Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition - Susan Fountain.pdf Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition - Alan Vera.pdf

Counsel,

Attached please find Rule 45 deposition subpoenas, which Plaintiffs in the above-captioned matter are serving on the following individuals.

- 1. Alan Vera, Ballot Security Chair for the Harris County Republican Party
- 2. Cindy Siegal, Chair of the Harris County Republican Party
- 3. Melissa Conway, Republican National Committee Texas Election Integrity Director,
- 4. Susan Fountain, Executive Director of the Dallas County Republican Party
- 5. Byron Fisher, Republican National Committee, Deputy National Election Integrity Director

Best,

Jennifer A. Holmes (she/her)

Senior Counsel

Case 5:21-cv-00844-XR Document 472-1 Filed 10/31/22 Page 3 of 18

700 14th Street, Suite 600, Washington, DC 20005

o: 202.682.1300 | c: 202.258.3846 | jholmes@naacpldf.org

www.naacpldf.org

PRIVILEGE AND CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This email and any attachments may contain privileged or confidential information and is/are for the sole use of the intended recipient(s). Any unauthorized use or disclosure of this communication is prohibited. If you believe that you have received this email in error, please notify the sender immediately and delete it from your system.

for the

Western District of Texas

LA UNIÓN DEL PUEBLO ENTERO, et al., Plaintiff)	
v.) THE STATE OF TEXAS, et al.,)	Civil Action No. Case No. 5:21-cv-844-XR
Defendant)	
SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DE	POSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION
The Quest Business Agency, 2150 W. 18	n Vera th Street, Suite 202, Houston, Texas 77008.
	m this subpoena is directed)
Testimony: YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at deposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an organi or managing agents, or designate other persons who consent to those set forth in an attachment:	zation, you must designate one or more officers, directors,
Place: Law Offices of Reed Smith LLP 811 Main Street Houston, TX 77002	Date and Time: 01/10/2023 10:00 am
The deposition will be recorded by this method:Ste	enographic and audiovisual means.
	oring with you to the deposition the following documents, a permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the
The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are atta Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of no	
Date: 10/21/2022	
CLERK OF COURT	
	OR /s/Jennifer A. Holmes
Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	Attorney's signature
The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the LA UNIÓN DEL PUEBLO ENTERO, et al.,	he attorney representing (name of party) , who issues or requests this subpoena, are:
lennifer A. Holmes, NAACP Legal Defense Fund, 700 14th Str Felephone: (202) 682 1300. Email: jholmes@naacpldf.org.	
Notice to the person who issue	s or requests this subnoone

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

Civil Action No. Case No. 5:21-cv-844-XR

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

I received this sun (date)	abpoena for (name of individual and title, if an	ny) Alan Vera	
☐ I served the s	ubpoena by delivering a copy to the nar	med individual as follows:	
		on (date) ; or	
☐ I returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:		
tendered to the v	pena was issued on behalf of the United witness the fees for one day's attendance.		
fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
I declare under p	penalty of perjury that this information i	s true.	
te:	_		
		Server's signature	
		Printed name and title	
		Server's address	

(c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - **(B)** inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- **(B)** Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
 - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) *Documents*. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- **(C)** Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- **(D)** Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- **(B)** Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Western District of Texas

LA UNIÓN DEL PUEBLO ENTERO, et al.,)
Plaintiff v. THE STATE OF TEXAS, et al.,)) Civil Action No. Case No. 5:21-cv-844-XR)
Defendant)
SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY A	T A DEPOSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: 4615 Huis	Cindy Siegel sache St., Bellaire, TX 77401
(Name of perso	on to whom this subpoena is directed)
deposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are a	appear at the time, date, and place set forth below to testify at a n organization, you must designate one or more officers, directors, consent to testify on your behalf about the following matters, or
Place: Law Offices of Reed Smith LLP	Date and Time:
811 Main Street Houston, TX 77002	01/11/2023 10:00 am
The deposition will be recorded by this metho	d: Stenographic and audiovisual means.
	ast also bring with you to the deposition the following documents, and must permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the
Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person sub respond to this subpoena and the potential consequence	5 are attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance; ject to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to sees of not doing so.
Date:10/21/2022 CLERK OF COURT	
CLERK OF COOK!	OR
	/s/Jennifer A. Holmes
Signature of Clerk or Dep	nuty Clerk Attorney's signature
The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone num LA UNIÓN DEL PUEBLO ENTERO, et al.,	, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:
Jennifer A. Holmes, NAACP Legal Defense Fund, 700 Felephone: (202) 682 1300. Email: jholmes@naacplo	
	ho issues or requests this subpoena

Civil Action No. Case No. 5:21-cv-844-XR

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

I received this so n (date)	ubpoena for (name of individual and title, if an	(indy Siegel	
☐ I served the s	subpoena by delivering a copy to the nar	ned individual as follows:	
		on (date) ; O	r
☐ I returned the	e subpoena unexecuted because:		
tendered to the v	oena was issued on behalf of the United witness the fees for one day's attendance		
fees are \$		for services, for a total of S	0.00
I declare under p	penalty of perjury that this information i	s true.	
te:			
		Server's signature	
		Printed name and title	
		Server's address	

(c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- **(B)** Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
 - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) *Documents*. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- **(D)** Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- **(B)** Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

for the

Western District of Texas

LA UNIÓN DEL PUEBLO ENTERO, et al.,) Plaintiff) v.) THE STATE OF TEXAS, et al.,) Defendant)	Civil Action No. Case No. 5:21-cv-844-XR
SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEPOS	ITION IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: Melissa Con 1111 Haye Rd., Friends (Name of person to whom this	wood, TX, 77546
Testimony: YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the adeposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an organization or managing agents, or designate other persons who consent to test those set forth in an attachment:	on, you must designate one or more officers, directors,
Place: Law Offices of Reed Smith LLP 811 Main Street Houston, TX 77002	Date and Time: 01/13/2023 10:00 am
The deposition will be recorded by this method: Stenogr	raphic and audiovisual means.
☐ <i>Production:</i> You, or your representatives, must also bring electronically stored information, or objects, and must permaterial:	
The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are attached Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subprespond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doi	poena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to
Date:10/21/2022	
CLERK OF COURT	OP
	OR /s/Jennifer A. Holmes
Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	Attorney's signature
The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the at LA UNIÓN DEL PUEBLO ENTERO, et al.,	, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:
Jennifer A. Holmes, NAACP Legal Defense Fund, 700 14th Street N Felephone: (202) 682 1300. Email: jholmes@naacpldf.org.	I.W., Suite 600, Washington, DC 20005.

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

Civil Action No. Case No. 5:21-cv-844-XR

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

(date)	bpoena for (name of individual and title, if an	Melissa Conway	
☐ I served the su	abpoena by delivering a copy to the nar	med individual as follows:	
		on (date) ; or	
☐ I returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:		
tendered to the w	ena was issued on behalf of the United vitness the fees for one day's attendance.	_	
fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
I declare under po	enalty of perjury that this information i	s true.	
::		Server's signature	
		server's signature	
		Printed name and title	
		Server's address	

(c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - **(B)** inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- **(B)** Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
 - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- **(D)** Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- **(B)** Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

for the

Western District of Texas

LA UNIÓN DEL PUEBLO ENTERO, et al.,) Plaintiff) v.) THE STATE OF TEXAS, et al.,) Defendant)	Civil Action No. Case No. 5:21-cv-844-XR
SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEPOS	ITION IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: Susan Four 10630 Chesterton Dr. Da	llas, Texas 75238
(Name of person to whom this	
Testimony: YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the adeposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an organization or managing agents, or designate other persons who consent to test those set forth in an attachment:	on, you must designate one or more officers, directors,
Place: Law Offices of Reed Smith LLP 2850 N. Harwood Street, Suite 1500 Dallas, TX 75201	Date and Time: 01/17/2023 10:00 am
The deposition will be recorded by this method: Stenogr	raphic and audiovisual means.
☐ Production: You, or your representatives, must also bring electronically stored information, or objects, and must permaterial:	
The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are attached Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subprespond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doi	poena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to
Date: 10/21/2022	
CLERK OF COURT	
	OR /s/Jennifer A. Holmes
Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	Attorney's signature
The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the at LA UNIÓN DEL PUEBLO ENTERO, et al., Jennifer A. Holmes, NAACP Legal Defense Fund, 700 14th Street N	, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:
Telephone: (202) 682 1300. Email: jholmes@naacpldf.org.	i.vv., Suite 600, vvastiirigtori, DC 20005.

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

Civil Action No. Case No. 5:21-cv-844-XR

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

I received this su	bpoena for (name of individual and title, if an	y) Susan Fountain	
(date)	·		
☐ I served the su	abpoena by delivering a copy to the nan	ned individual as follows:	
		on (date) ; or	•
☐ I returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:		
tendered to the w	ena was issued on behalf of the United itness the fees for one day's attendance		
fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
I declare under p	enalty of perjury that this information is	s true.	
:			
		Server's signature	
		Printed name and title	
		Server's address	

(c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - **(B)** inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- **(B)** Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
 - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) *Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information.* These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) *Documents*. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- **(D)** Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

for the

Western District of Texas

LA UNIÓN DEL PUEBLO ENTERO, et al.,		
Plaintiff) v.) THE STATE OF TEXAS, et al.,) Defendant)	Civil Action No. Case No. 5:21-cv-844-XR	
SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEPO	OSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION	
To: Byron Fi Republican National Committee, 310 Fi	First St SE, Washington, DC 20003	
(Name of person to whom th	this subpoena is directed)	
Testimony: YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the deposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an organizat or managing agents, or designate other persons who consent to te those set forth in an attachment:	ation, you must designate one or more officers, director	ors,
Place: NAACP Legal Defense Fund 700 14th Street N.W., Suite 600 Washington, DC 20005	Date and Time: 01/20/2023 10:00 am	
The deposition will be recorded by this method: Steno	ographic and audiovisual means.	
☐ Production: You, or your representatives, must also brin electronically stored information, or objects, and must pe material:		is,
The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are attached Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subject to a subject to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not determine the protection of the potential consequences of the potential con	ubpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty	to
Date: 10/21/2022		
CLERK OF COURT		
	OR /s/Jennifer A. Holmes	
Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	Attorney's signature	
The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the a LA UNIÓN DEL PUEBLO ENTERO, et al.,	e attorney representing (name of party), who issues or requests this subpoena, are:	
Jennifer A. Holmes, NAACP Legal Defense Fund, 700 14th Street		
Notice to the person who issues o	on voquests this submoons	

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

Civil Action No. Case No. 5:21-cv-844-XR

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

n (date)	opoena for (name of individual and title, if a	ny) Byron Fisher	
☐ I served the su	bpoena by delivering a copy to the nar	med individual as follows:	
		on (date) ;	or
☐ I returned the s	subpoena unexecuted because:		
tendered to the wi	ena was issued on behalf of the United itness the fees for one day's attendance		
fees are \$		for services, for a total of	f\$0.00
I declare under pe	enalty of perjury that this information i	is true.	
e:			
		Server's signature	
		Printed name and title	
		Server's address	

(c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
 - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
 - **(B)** inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- **(B)** Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
 - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
 - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) *Documents*. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- **(D)** Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
 - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- **(B)** Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.